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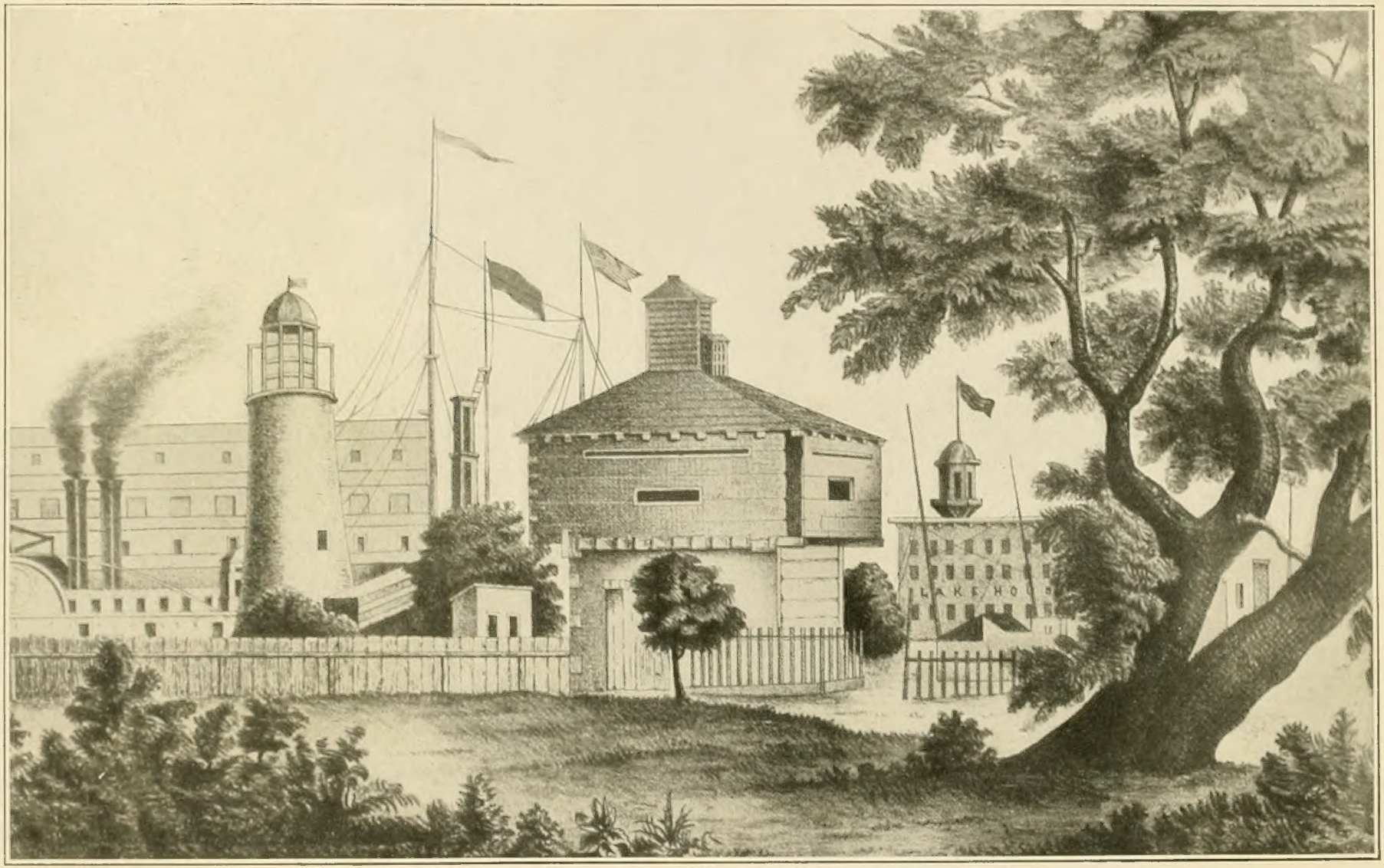
One Hundred and Twenty-Five Photographic Views of Chicago



OLD FORT DEARBORN, 1856

Formerly situated on south bank of the Chicago River at Michigan Avenue and River Street, south approach to Rush Street bridge.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE

PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS

OF

CHICAGO

A COLLECTION OF REPRODUCTIONS FROM PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE MOST PROMINENT STREETS, BUILDINGS, STATUES, PARK SCENES, AND OTHER FEATURES OF INTEREST IN THE CITY

CHICAGO AND NEW YORK

RAND McNALLY & COMPANY, PUBLISHERS

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CHICAGO

THE photo-sketches included in this Album indicate the tumultuous life of the most cosmopolitan city in the world. Within the memory of men yet living this metropolis of the Central States was an Indian garrison, but, with Aladdin-like rapidity, its size and importance have increased until it is now the second largest city in the Western Hemisphere, with a population of nearly 2,500,000 people.

There are three divisions of the city, viz: the North, South, and West sides. These are formed by the windings of the river from which the town took its name, and which originally emptied into Lake Michigan. The Loop, or central business district, is the territory within the Elevated Railway loop, bounded by Lake Street on the north, Van Buren Street on the south, Wabash Avenue on the east, and Fifth Avenue on the west.

Chicago is the greatest railway center in the world, and has six important terminal stations. Its arrangements for local transportation are most adequate and complete, and include four elevated systems, as well as a large number of electric lines with many miles of track.

The business interests of the city embrace every imaginable branch of commerce and manufacture. As a grain, lumber, live-stock, and packing market Chicago stands supreme.

The hotels are numerous, and many of them are splendid examples of modern architecture. Among the leading hostelries are the Auditorium, the Congress and Annex, Great Northern, Palmer House, Stratford, La Salle, Blackstone, Virginia, Alexandria, Wellington, Lexington, Majestic, Metropole, Morrison, Grand Pacific, Lakota, Windsor-Clifton, Grace, Del Prado, Hotel Sherman, Chicago Beach, Brevoort, Saratoga, Transit, New Southern, Gladstone, and Plaza.

Among theaters and public halls in Chicago may be mentioned the Auditorium, Blackstone, Orchestra Hall, Fine Arts, Powers, Palace, Illinois, Grand Opera House, Studebaker, Chicago Opera House, Garrick, Lyric, McVickers, Bush Temple of Music, Majestic, Colonial, Olympic, Haymarket, Princess, Ziegfeld, Cort, and American.

Some of the largest and finest parks in the world are to be found here. A boulevard system has been arranged which unites the three divisions of the city, and at the same time provides a continuous park driveway, or promenade, of unprecedented beauty, extending for a distance of nearly sixty miles.

The public spirit of the city is one of its characteristic features. Its provisions for education are unexcelled, and the University of Chicago, organized in 1891, has grown as phenomenally as has Chicago itself. The Public Libraries, Art Galleries, Museums, and Academies of Science compare favorably with similar institutions in any American city or cities of foreign countries.

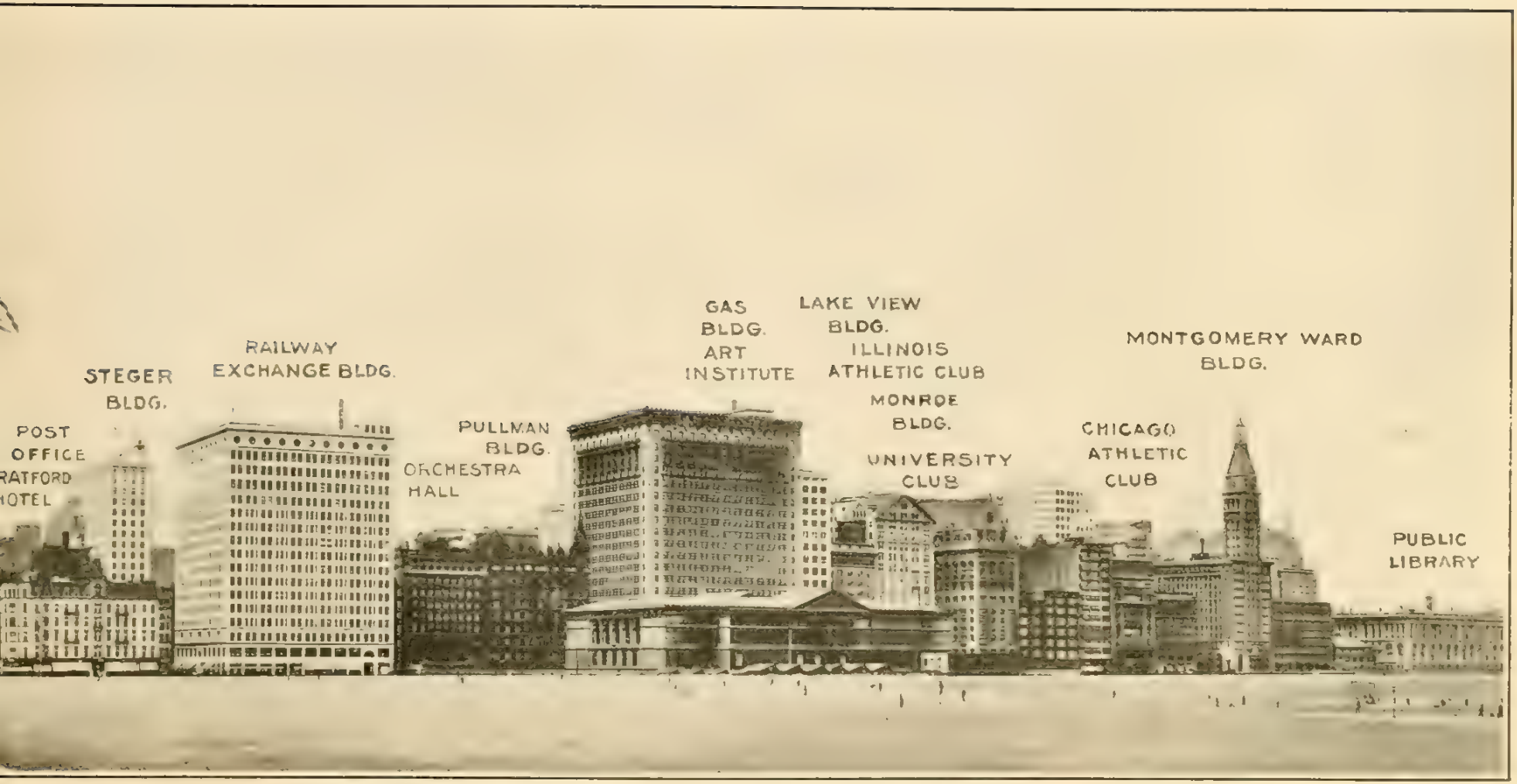
THE CHICAGO POST OFFICE AND UNITED STATES FEDERAL BUILDING

Occupies the block inclosed by Jackson Boulevard, Clark, Adams, and Dearborn streets.

THE CITY HALL AND COOK COUNTY COURT HOUSE

Occupy a building, constructed jointly by the city and county, on the square facing Washington, Clark, La Salle, and Randolph streets.

MICHIGAN AVEN
This picture includes eight city blocks, from East Washington Street to Hu



NG GRANT PARK
ce. The view of Michigan Avenue obtained in Grant Park is impressive.

CHICAGO PUBLIC LIBRARY

Michigan Avenue, Washington and Randolph streets. The elaborate interior decorations are well worth viewing. The upper floor of the building is occupied by the Grand Army rooms and Memorial Hall, the latter containing a museum of war relics.

NEWBERRY LIBRARY

Washington Square, corner of North Clark Street and Walton Place. Open daily except Sundays and holidays from 9 A.M. to 10 P.M. Visitors are always welcome and will be shown every attention. Its literary specialties are music, history, and biography.

THE CHICAGO HISTORICAL SOCIETY'S BUILDING

Northwest corner of Dearborn Avenue and Ontario Street. This fire-proof building affords a safe place of deposit for many valuable historical documents and relics relating particularly to the early days of Chicago and the surrounding country.
Open from 9 A.M. to 5 P.M., except Saturday afternoons and Sundays. Admission free.

THE ART INSTITUTE

Michigan Avenue, foot of Adams Street. Open week days, 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., 8 P M to 10 P M.; Sundays, 12.15 to 10 P. M. On Wednesday, Saturday, Sunday, and holidays no admission fee is charged. The Art Institute is the art center of Chicago. The attendance exceeds 700,000 each year.

BLACKSTONE MEMORIAL LIBRARY

At Oak Avenue and Forty-ninth Street. Conducted as one of the south side branches of the Chicago Public Library. This building, a gift of Mrs. T. B. Blackstone, is constructed of white granite and Italian marble.

ORCHESTRA HALL

Michigan Boulevard, between Adams Street and Jackson Boulevard. The endowed home of the Theodore Thomas Orchestra.

THE MOODY BIBLE INSTITUTE
153 Institute Place.

FIELD MUSEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY

Jackson Park, north end of Jackson Park. Open daily from 9 A.M. to 4 P.M., and on Saturdays and Sundays during June, July and August, when the hour of closing is 5.30 P.M. Admission free on Saturdays and Sundays; other days, 25 cents. Scholars, students, and teachers free at all times.

ST. LUKE'S HOSPITAL

Michigan Avenue, between 14th and 16th streets.

THE COLISEUM

At S. Wabash Avenue, between Fourteenth and Sixteenth streets. In this building national conventions, as well as land, automobile, and numerous other great shows and exhibitions, are held

PATTEN GYMNASIUM, NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY, EVANSTON

UNIVERSITY CLUB

Northwest corner of Monroe Street and Michigan Boulevard. A stately Bedford stone structure of Italian Gothic architecture. One of the handsomest buildings in the city.

CITY CLUB OF CHICAGO

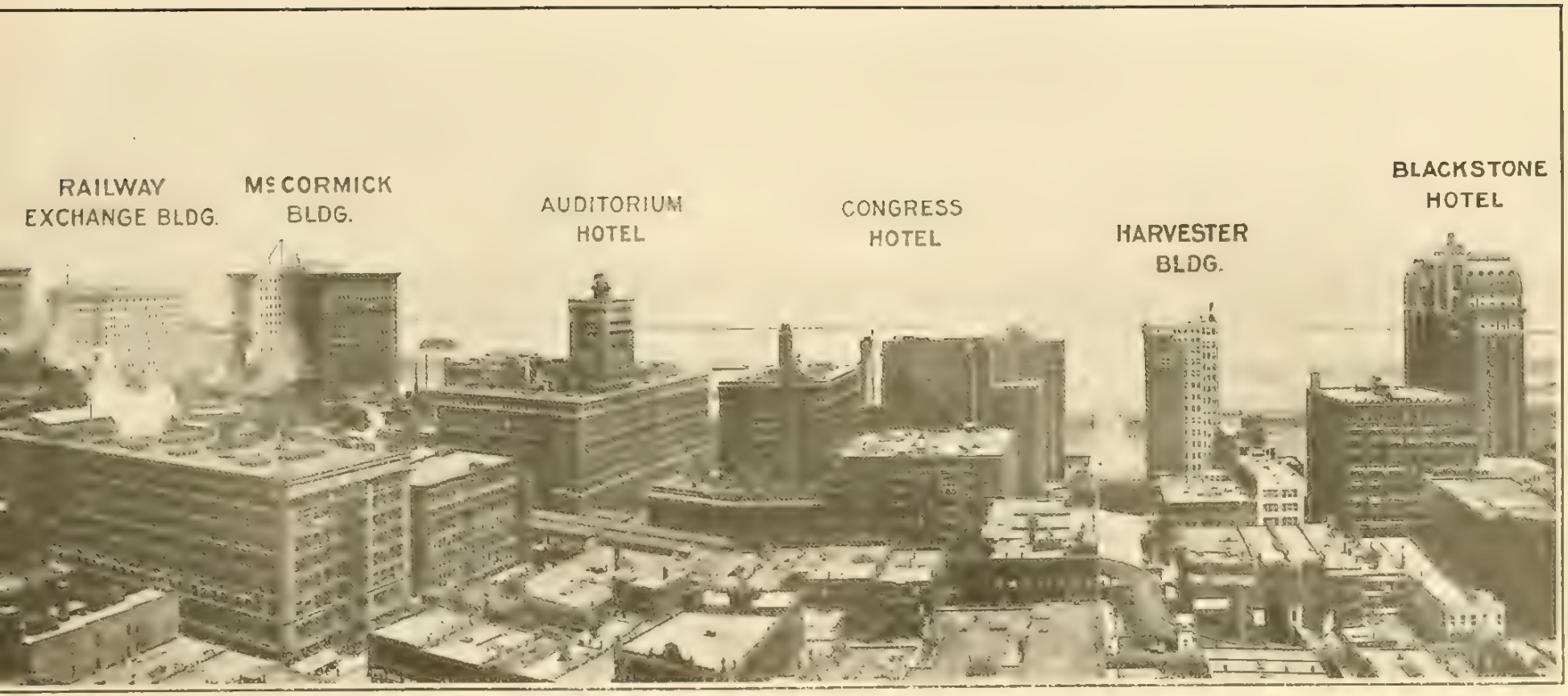
153 Plymouth Place

The building adjoining on the right is the Chicago Automobile Club.

MICHIGAN AVENUE AND ADAMS STREET

The building at the extreme left is Orchestra Hall, the home of the Theodore Thomas Orchestra; next is the Pullman Building; the third is the Peoples Gas Light & Coke Co's Building. On the extreme right a corner of the Art Institute is seen.

PANORAMA OF THE SOUTH EN
The picture was taken from the top of the Transporta



OFFICE BUILDING SECTION
southwest corner of Harrison and Dearborn streets.

CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN TERMINAL

At W. Madison, Canal, and Clinton streets. This is the finest and most completely equipped railway station in the world.

LA SALLE STREET STATION

Van Buren, Sherman, and La Salle streets. Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, Lake Shore & Michigan Southern (New York Central Lines); New York, Chicago & St. Louis (Nickel Plate); Chicago & Eastern Illinois (Frisco Line); and Chicago, Indiana Southern.

HOTEL LA SALLE

Situated on the northwest corner of W. Madison and N. La Salle streets. This building contains 1,150 rooms.

MICHIGAN BOULEVARD, LOOKING NORTH FROM CONGRESS STREET
The Art Institute is seen on the right.

CENTRAL STATION

Michigan Avenue and Twelfth Street, southern end of Grant Park.
Illinois Central; Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis (Big Four); Michigan Central, Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie Ry.

SCENE ON MICHIGAN AVENUE, FACING GRANT PARK
The Blackstone Hotel is in the foreground

CONGRESS HOTEL AND ANNEX
Corner of Michigan Boulevard and Congress Street.

Illinois Athletic Club Monroe Building University Club.

MICHIGAN AVENUE AND MONROE STREET

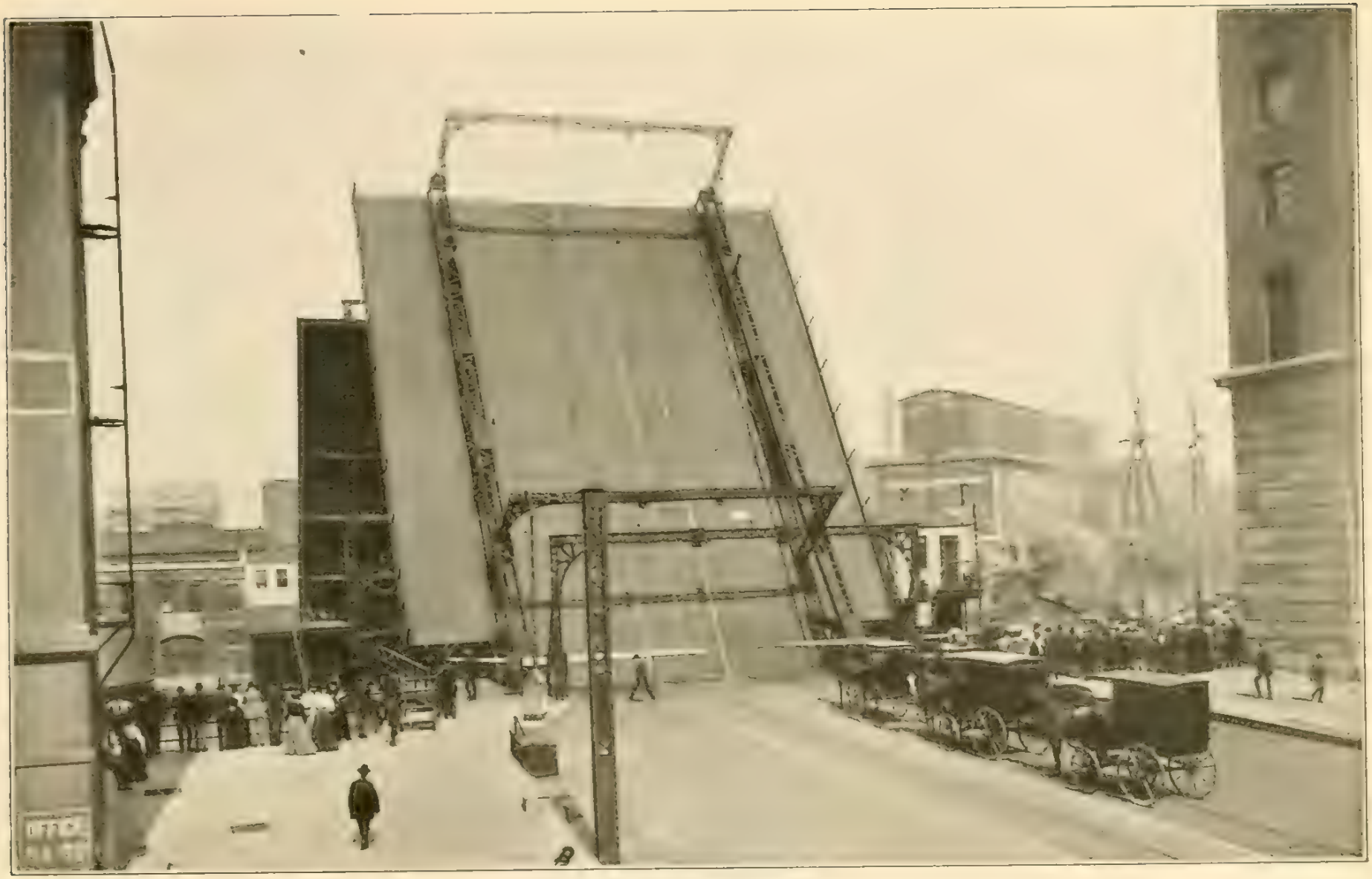
GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL

Northeast corner of Jackson Boulevard and Dearborn Street, opposite the Federal Building.

AUDITORIUM HOTEL

Michigan Avenue and Congress Street.

VIRGINIA HOTEL
Northwest corner of Rush and East Ohio streets.



STATE STREET BRIDGE

One of the jackknife bridges open for a boat to pass.

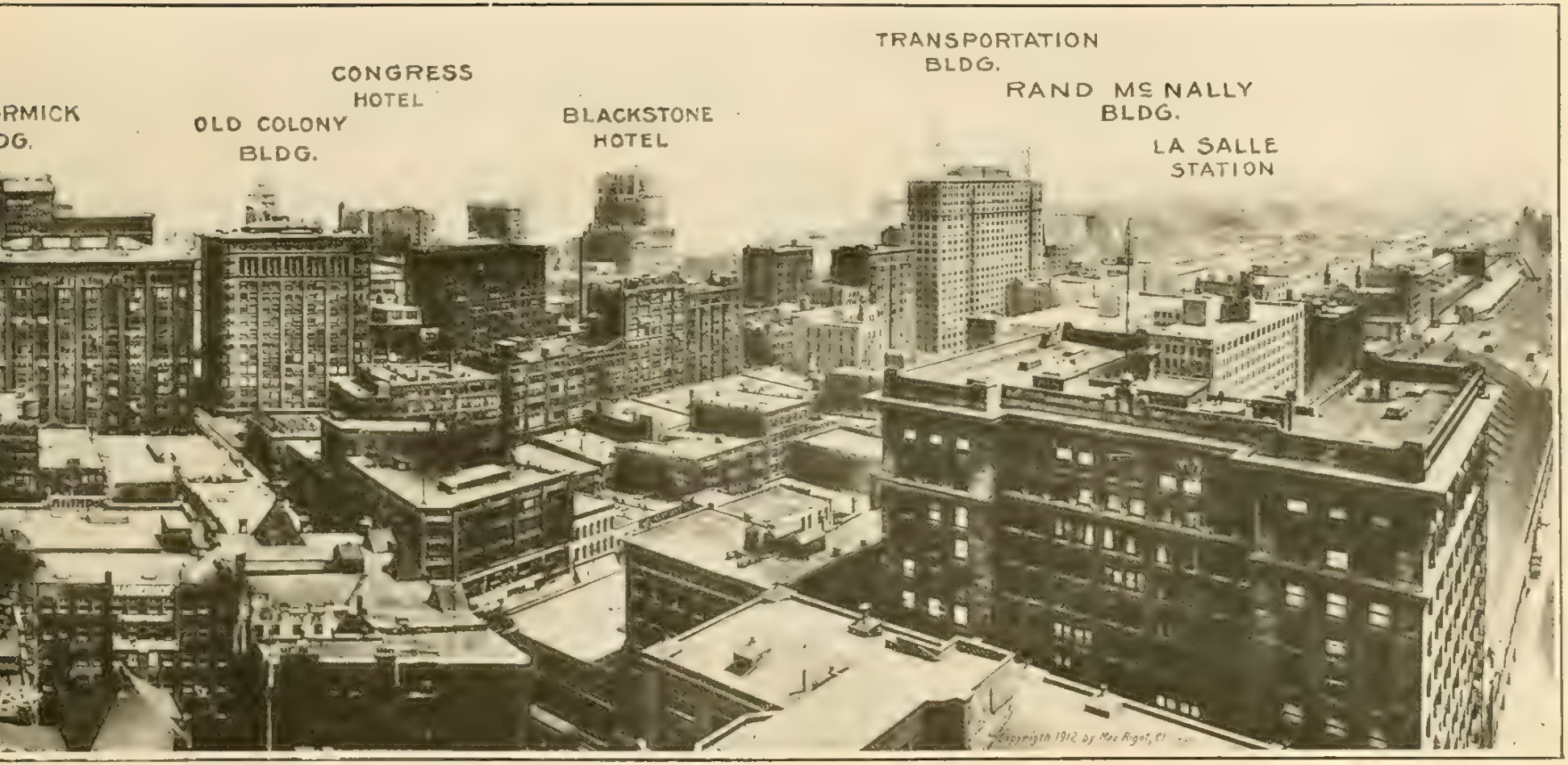
GLADSTONE HOTEL

Southwest corner of Monroe Avenue and East Sixty-second Street.

CONGESTED TRAFFIC

A State Street scene during a traffic blockade.

A SECTION OF C
'THE
This picture was taken from the top of the Insurance Exch



SINESS CENTER
CT"
outhwest corner of Jackson Boulevard and Sherman Street.

HOTEL SHERMAN
Northwest corner of Clark and Randolph streets.

A SUNDAY MORNING ON STATE STREET

Looking north from the Palmer House. The white structure on the left is the North American Building.

MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY'S RETAIL STORE

Wabash Avenue, Randolph, State, and Washington streets. The main entrance is on State Street.

ONE OF CHICAGO'S MOST POPULAR CORNERS

A section of State Street looking north from Washington Street. In the foreground is seen the retail house of Marshall Field & Company, which occupies the entire block, and across Randolph Street to the left, the Masonic Temple, the highest building in the city

THE BUSIEST CORNER IN THE WORLD

Southeast corner of State and Madison streets. Here all of Chicago passes at some time during each year.

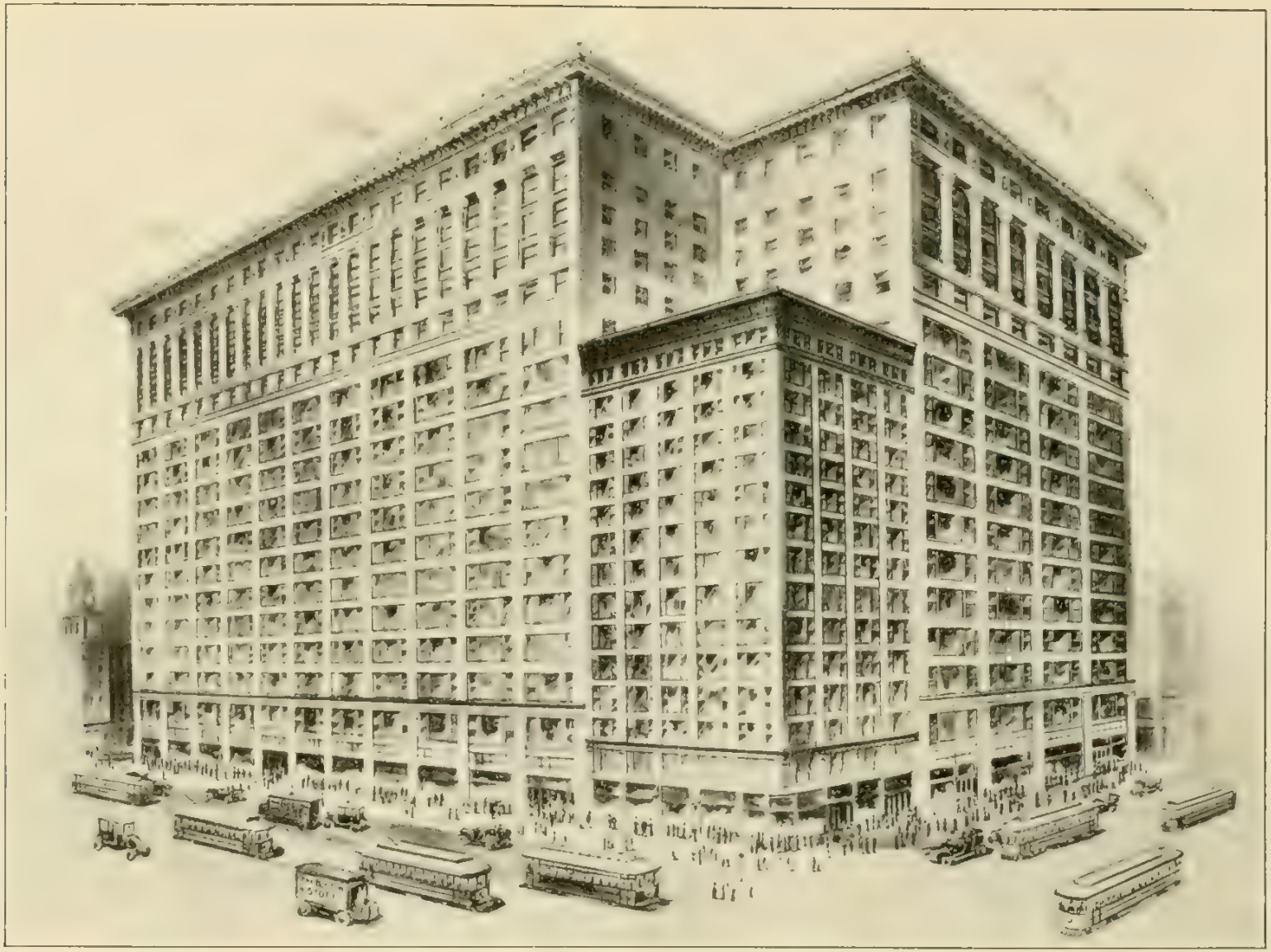
A CORNER IN THE LOOP DISTRICT

Monroe Street and Wabash Avenue looking north, showing the east side of the elevated loop and a section of the Wabash Avenue retail district.

SECTION OF STATE STREET SHOPPING DISTRICT

MANDEL BROTHERS' DEPARTMENT STORE

Covers a half block at State and Madison streets and Wabash Avenue, occupying the entire frontage on Madison between Wabash and State.



THE BOSTON STORE

Occupies one half of a city block at State, Madison, and Dearborn streets.

ONE OF THE CITY CANONS,

Dearborn Street, looking south from Van Buren Street. In the foreground appears a part of the Old Colony Building. The next tall structure is the Manhattan, and still farther along the street is seen the Ellsworth.

THE FAIR

One of the large department stores. The building occupies one half of a city block at State, Adams, and Dearborn streets.

ROTHSCHILD'S DEPARTMENT STORE

Occupies one half of a city block at Jackson Boulevard, State, and Van Buren streets.

MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY'S WHOLESALE STORE

Fifth Avenue, Adams, and Quincy streets. One of the finest and most imposing stone structures in the city

THE SIEGEL-COOPER DEPARTMENT STORE

Situated at State, Van Buren, and Congress streets. The building covers one half of a city block.

BIRD'S-EYE VIEW OF

Situated seven miles from the business center, facing the Midway between Washington and Jackson Parks, the university grounds comprise ninety
Here a pupil may start in the kindergarten, go through the eight years of elementary and grammar sch

ITY OF CHICAGO

e buildings, constructed of blue Bedford limestone in English Gothic design, are grouped as at Oxford, England, in special quadrangles.
the high school, from there to the university and professional schools, and take a doctor's degree.

Western Union Building. Board of Trade.

JACKSON BOULEVARD, LOOKING EAST FROM SHERMAN STREET

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
At northwest corner of South Dearborn and West Monroe streets.

FORT DEARBORN NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
Northeast corner of West Monroe and South Clark streets, adjoining the First National Bank Building.

THE ILLINOIS TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK BUILDING

Corner La Salle Street and Jackson Boulevard.

THE CORN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
Corner of La Salle and Adams streets.

CONTINENTAL AND COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
Northeast corner of S. Clark and Adams Sts. Opposite Post Office and Federal Building

MERCHANTS LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY BUILDING,
Northwest corner Adams and Clark streets.

SOUTHEAST CORNER OF LA SALLE AND MONROE STREETS
The center of Chicago's Financial District.

THE NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY'S BANK BUILDING
Corner of La Salle and Monroe streets.

THE McCORMICK BUILDING
Faces Michigan Avenue and Grant Park at northwest corner of Van Buren Street.

THE PEOPLE'S GAS BUILDING

Northwest corner of Adams Street and Michigan Boulevard.

The magnificent structure is twenty-two stories high and is one of the handsomest in the city. There are eighteen highly polished granite columns on the façade.

THE INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER BUILDING

Fronting Grant Park at the southwest corner of Michigan Avenue and E. Harrison Street.

MASONIC TEMPLE

At northeast corner of E. Randolph and N. State streets. Twenty-one stories high, 278 feet above the sidewalk, this is the highest building in Chicago.

CITY HALL SQUARE BUILDING
Clark Street, between Washington and Randolph streets.

AMERICAN LEAGUE
West Thirty-fifth Street and Sh

OX) BALL PARK
A typical Chicago crowd.

THE TRANSPORTATION BUILDING
Southwest corner of Harrison and Dearborn streets.

RAILWAY EXCHANGE BUILDING,
Northwest corner of Michigan and Jackson boulevards.

INSURANCE EXCHANGE BUILDING
Jackson Boulevard, Sherman Street, and Fifth Avenue.

THE MONADNOCK BUILDING

Occupies the entire block between Van Buren Street and Jackson Boulevard on Dearborn Street.

KARPEN BUILDING
Michigan Avenue and Eldridge Place

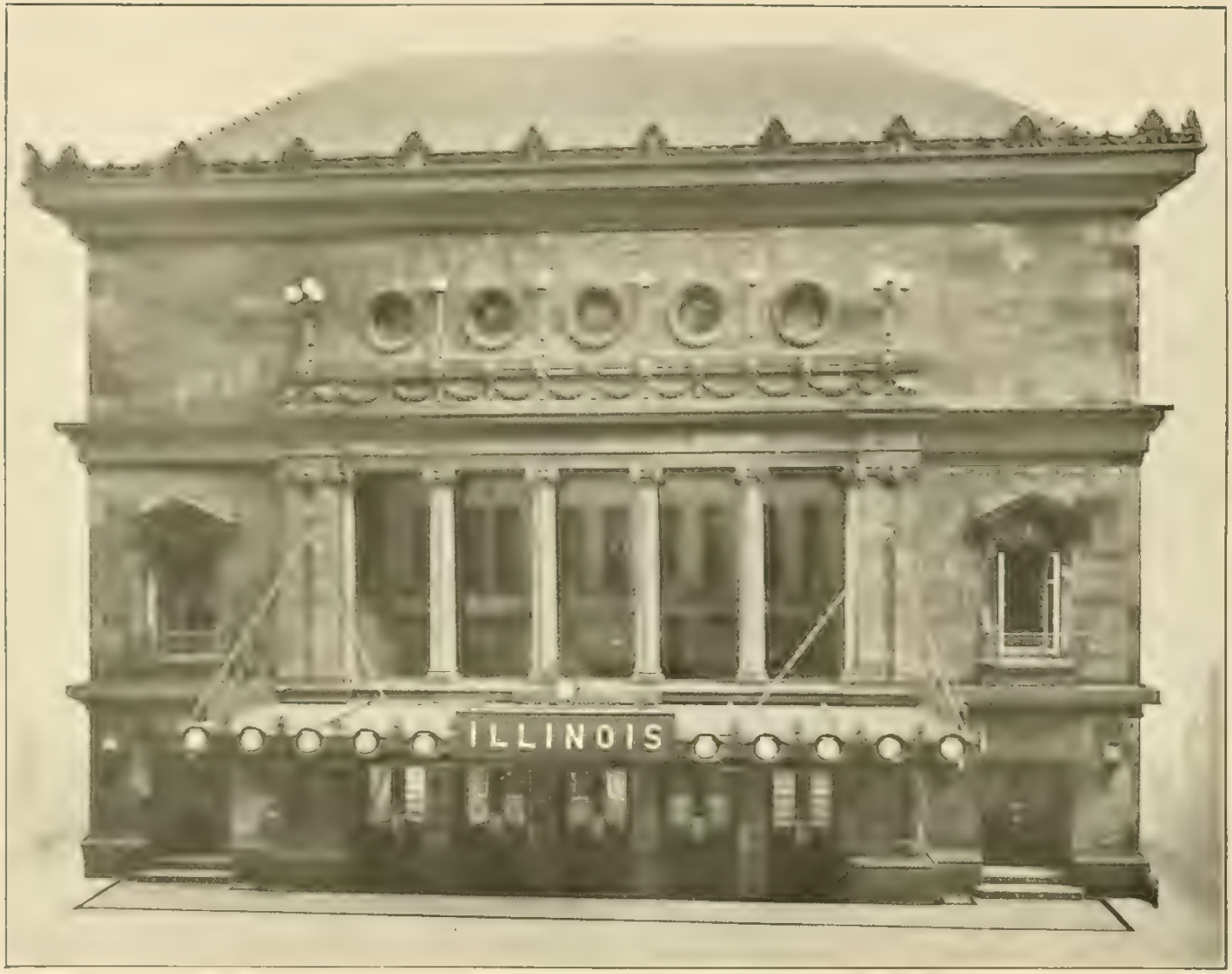
THE FISHER BUILDING
Northeast corner of Van Buren and Dearborn streets.

THE MENTOR BUILDING

Northeast corner of Monroe and State streets. It is seventeen stories high.

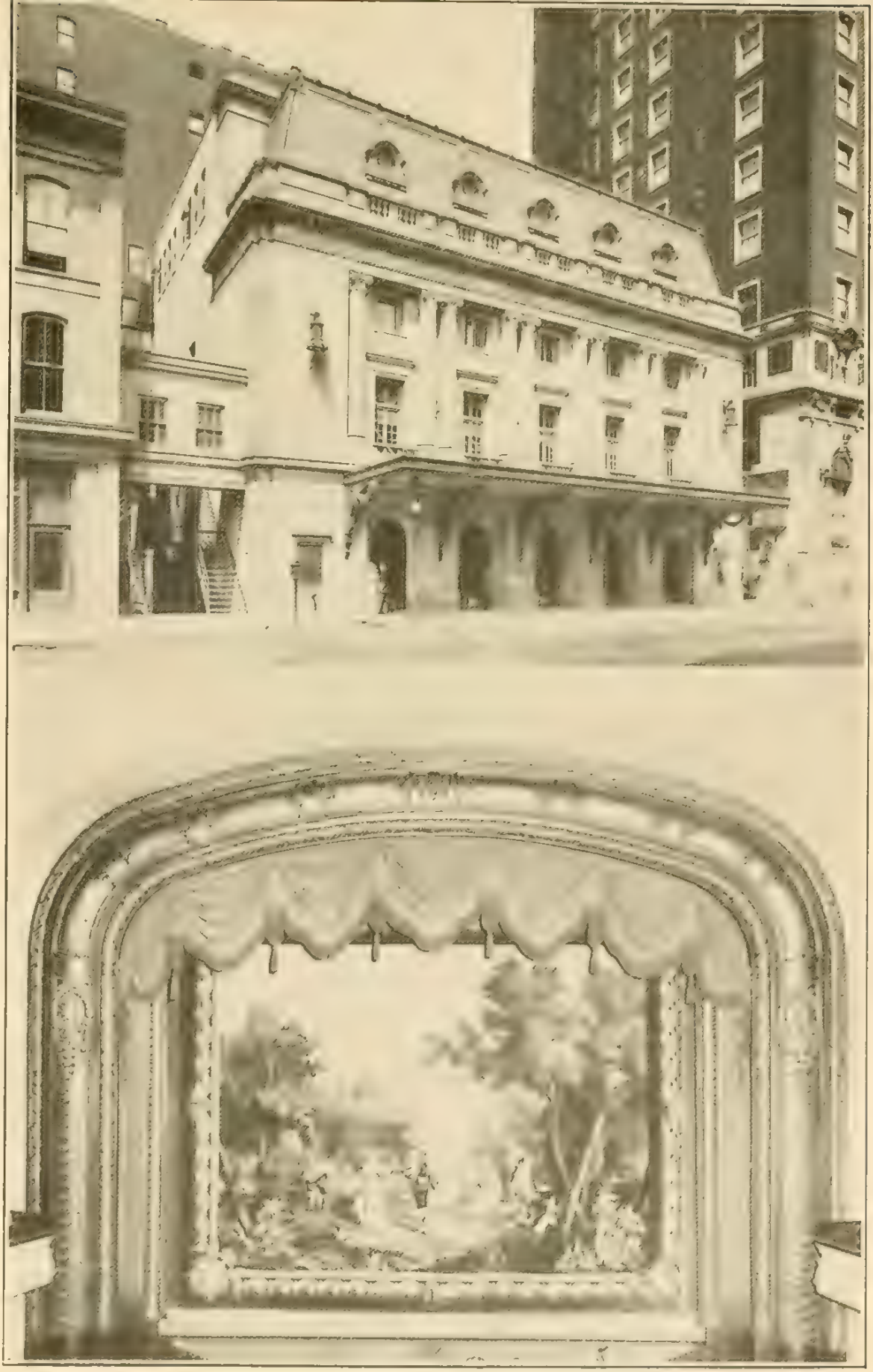
NEW RAND McNALLY & CO. BUILDING

South Clark, West Harrison and South La Salle streets. The largest and most completely equipped map, railroad, and commercial printing and book publishing house in the world



ILLINOIS THEATER

Jackson Boulevard between Wabash and Michigan avenues. One of the most popular playhouses



BLACKSTONE THEATER AND DROP CURTAIN

This is known as the most elegant theater in Chicago, and is situated at S. Wabash Avenue and Hubbard Court, adjoining the Blackstone Hotel

RESIDENCE OF MRS. POTTER PALMER
No. 1350 Lake Shore Drive.

RESIDENCE OF MRS. GEORGE M. PULLMAN
Corner of Prairie Avenue and Eighteenth Street.

VIEW OF THE CHICAGO RIVER

ONE OF ARMOUR'S ELEVATORS

SOUTH WATER STREET, LOOKING WEST FROM DEARBORN STREET

This street is occupied entirely by produce commission merchants. Traffic here is always congested.

MORNING SCENE IN THE RANDOLPH STREET MARKET (HAYMARKET)

Here thousands of garden-truck farmers and retail grocers meet daily. The market extends from Desplaines Street to Sangamon Street, five long blocks.

CATTLE PENS AT UNION STOCK YARDS

VIEW IN THE UNION STOCK YARDS

The stock yards, South Halsted Street, are one of Chicago's gigantic business centers. Occupying, as they do, more than four hundred acres of land, they connect all freight lines running into the city, and are the site of some of the largest packing houses in the world.

VIEW IN UNION STOCK YARDS

A LOADED FREIGHT TRAIN IN THE ILLINOIS TUNNEL SYSTEM

This system connects with the basements of commercial houses, where it delivers freight, thus avoiding transportation through the crowded city streets. It passes under the Chicago River eleven times.

A VIEW OF THE CONTROLLING WORKS ON THE DRAINAGE CANAL

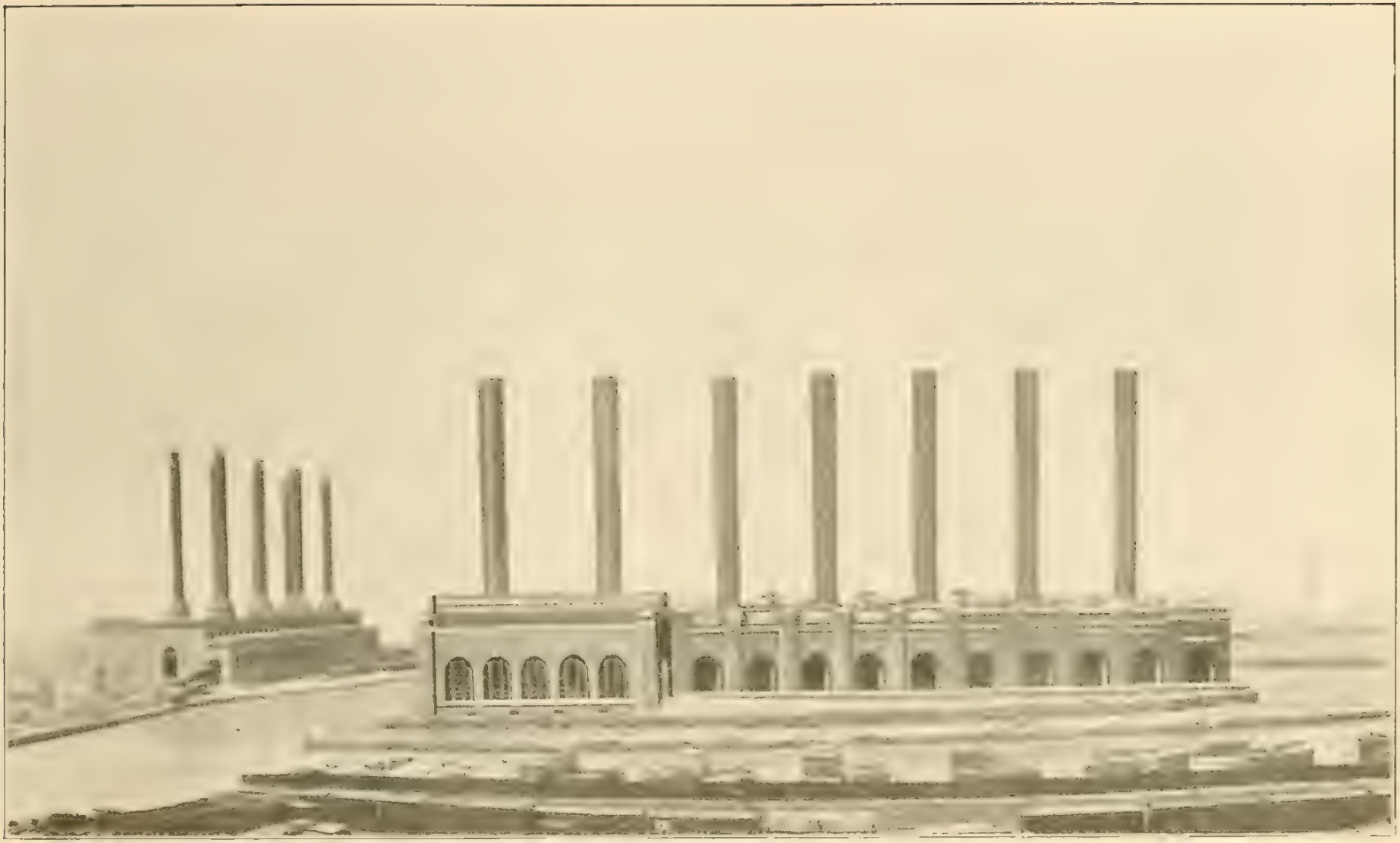
Bear trap dam at Lockport looking down stream.

VIEW OF BEAR TRAP DAM OF THE DRAINAGE CANAL

The Chicago Drainage Canal is one of the most stupendous undertakings ever carried out by the city of Chicago. It provides for the disposition of Chicago sewage through an artificial canal from Lake Michigan through Chicago to the nearest point on the Desplaines River. The picture shows the bear trap dam at Lockport looking up stream.

COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY

Electric plant showing ten Turbo-Generators in Fisk Street Station.



COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY
Fisk and Quarry Streets Stations.
These two stations have a combined capacity of over 300,000 horse-power.

THE FIRST GRAB OF ORE

The United States Steel Company's Docks, Gary, Indiana.

SCENE IN LUMBER DISTRICT
Showing largest lumber yard in the world.

FISHING ON JACKSON PARK PIER

A daily scene during good weather.

LAKE MICHIGAN AND THE JACKSON PARK SANITARIUM, JACKSON PARK.

This building, a reproduction of the historical Spanish Convent, La Rabida, was erected for the World's Fair and is one of the few permanent structures left. It is used during the summer for the care of sick children. A physician and resident nurses are in attendance and regular reports are made to the Park Commissioners.

A SECTION OF THE BEACH AT JACKSON PARK.

In the distance at the left is the Casino Pier, where the lake traffic was landed during the World's Fair. In the center, the German Building. At the right is shown a small portion of the broad driveway skirting the lake shore.

THE CARAVELS, JACKSON PARK

The three caravels which composed the fleet of Columbus—Santa Maria, Pinta and Niña—were reproduced in the navy yards of Cadiz, Spain, for exhibition in Chicago during the World's Columbian Exposition.

MEADOW AND PLAYGROUND IN WASHINGTON PARK, SOUTH PARK SYSTEM

A SCENE IN WASHINGTON PARK

The broad meadows of this park are kept trimmed by fancy Southdown sheep.

PERGOLA, SHERMAN PARK
Sherman Park is the best known of the many play parks.

THE WADING POOL IN MARK WHITE SQUARE.
A popular playground at Thirtieth and Halsted streets, South Side

THE DREXEL FOUNTAIN, DREXEL SQUARE

Drexel and Hyde Park boulevards.

Anthony J. Drexel Monument, presented to the city by his sons, F. A. and A. J. Drexel, August 24, 1881. Unveiled, 1883.

McKINLEY MONUMENT, McKINLEY PARK

Archer Avenue and West 37th Street.

William McKinley born January 29, 1843; died September 14, 1901. President of the United States, 1897-1901. The monument was a gift to the park by prominent citizens. Designed by Charles G. Mulligan. Unveiled, July 4, 1905.

THE GRANT MONUMENT, LINCOLN PARK

A memorial to U. S. Grant, eighteenth president of the United States. Born April 27, 1822; died July 23, 1885. The monument was erected by popular subscription in which more than 100,000 people aided. Designed by L. T. Rebisso; unveiled October 7, 1891.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN STATUE, LINCOLN PARK

Erected in honor of Abraham Lincoln, the sixteenth president of the United States. Born February 12, 1809; died April 15, 1865. The statue, designed by Augustus St. Gaudens, is considered the finest specimen of portrait sculpture in America, and was a gift to the park from Eli Bates.
Unveiled October 22, 1887

"THE ALARM." LINCOLN PARK

[illegible] was the first statue erected in Lincoln Park, and was cast from Marin Rice gun.
Designed by John J. Boyle; unveiled in 1883.

KARL VON LINNÉ STATUE, LINCOLN PARK

Von Linné was a Swedish botanist and naturalist. Born May 23, 1707, died January 10, 1778. The statue is the gift of Chicago Swedish citizens and was unveiled May [illegible], 1891.

THE BEAR CAVE, LINCOLN PARK

VIEW IN LINCOLN PARK

THE BOAT HOUSE, LINCOLN PARK

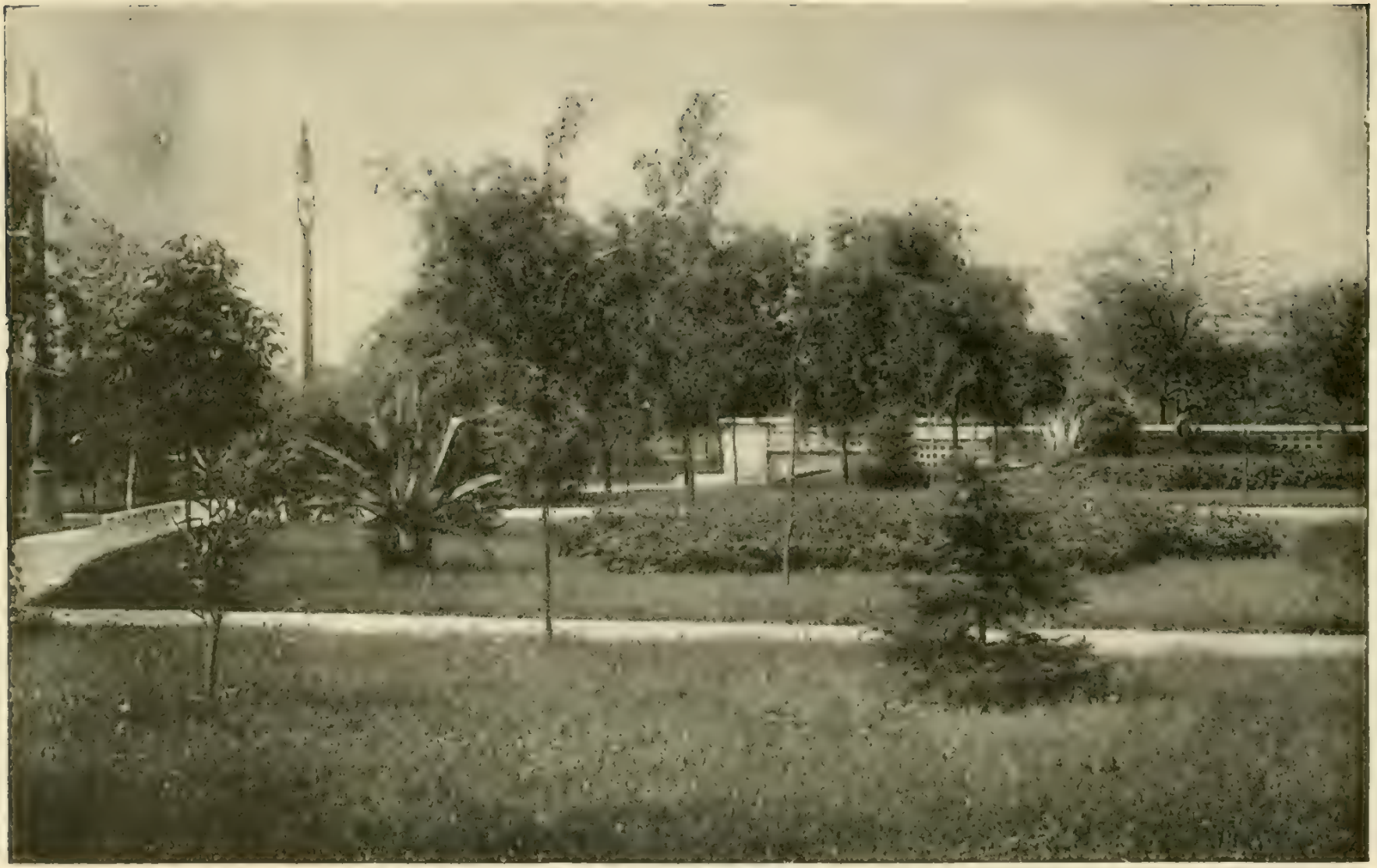
FISHING ON THE BEACH, LINCOLN PARK

WASHINGTON BOULEVARD ENTRANCE TO GARFIELD PARK

GARFIELD PARK PAVILION
One of the most artistic buildings in the park

GREENHOUSE, GARFIELD PARK
This structure is considered the largest of its kind in the United States.

BAND STAND, GARFIELD PARK

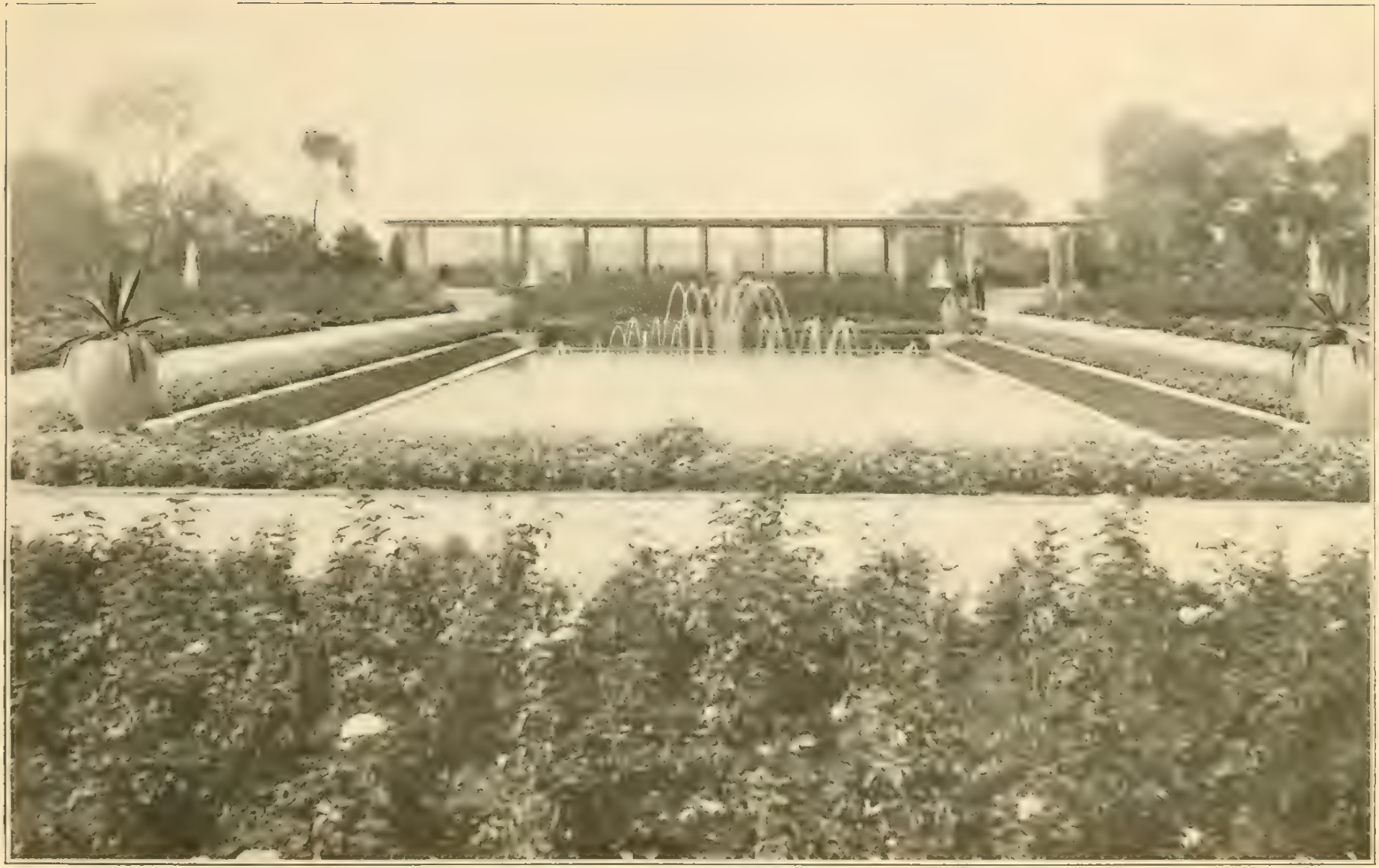


VIEW IN DOUGLAS PARK

GARDEN HALL, DOUGLAS PARK

The flower-bordered water court and richly-colored garden scheme make this a charming spot.

PAVILION AND BOAT LANDING, HUMBOLDT PARK



ROSE GARDENS, HUMBOLDT PARK

The Rose Gardens of this park are among the most beautiful in the world.

MAY 23 1913

THE HISTORIC WATER WORKS

Chicago Avenue and Lake Shore Drive. These buildings were constructed prior to the Chicago Fire, in 1871, and have continuously served the city as one of its pumping stations.

FORT SHERIDAN TOWER AND BARRACKS

Fort Sheridan is located thirty miles north of Chicago, overlooking Lake Michigan. It may be reached by the Chicago and North Western Railway and by the Milwaukee Electric Railroad.

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